Small Sealed Lead Acid Battery Storage

Periods of inactivity can be extremely harmful to lead acid batteries. When placing a battery into storage, follow the recommendations below in addition to instructions in your owner's manual to ensure that the battery remains healthy and ready for use.

NOTE: Storing, charging or operating batteries on concrete is OK. Though uncommon, it is advised to make sure to store your battery on a surface that can handle any leakage.

- Small sealed lead acid (SSLA) batteries work better when kept fully charged; however, continuous over charging and under charging can affect battery performance. Per the owner's manual, it is recommended to charge the battery at least 12 hours after each use but no more than 30 hours. Disconnect the charger after the battery has been fully charged.
- Batteries should be stored in a fully charged state. Storing in a discharged state will kill
 the battery. It is recommended to charge the battery at least once every three weeks
 when not in use, but it is possible for the battery to go up to three months without a
 charge if stored at full capacity.
- Check the battery terminals for corrosion and/or battery deformation. A deformed battery or one with corrosion on the terminals is subject to failure. If your battery needs to be replaced, please contact our Customer Service team
 (www.dynacraftwheels.com/contact), and we can assist. When no longer usable, these batteries must be recycled do not throw in the trash. To find a local recycling location, you can visit a resource such as www.call2recycle.org.

Step-By-Step Storage Procedure

- Completely charge the battery before storing.
- Store the battery in a cool, dry location, protected from the elements. Do not let battery freeze.
- Completely charge the battery before re-activating.